SUBJECT:	Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) Draft Charging Schedule
REPORT OF:	Councillor John Read, Portfolio Holder for Planning & Economic Development, South Bucks District Council
RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	Mark Jaggard, Head of Planning & Economic Development
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WARD/S AFFECTED	All

1. Purpose of Report

1.1 To recommend that the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) Draft Charging Schedule (DCS) is issued for consultation and submitted to an Examiner for an Examination in Public.

The PAG is asked to advise the Portfolio Holder on the following recommendations:

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Portfolio Holder agrees:

- 1. To publish and consult on the Community Infrastructure Levy Draft Charging Schedule;
- 2. To submit the Community Infrastructure Levy Draft Charging Schedule consultation documents and any responses to an independent examiner for public examination; and
- 3. To delegate authority to the Head of Planning and Economic Development, in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Planning and Economic Development, to make minor editorial changes and corrections to the Community Infrastructure Levy Draft Charging Schedule and supporting documents.

2. Reasons for Recommendations

2.1 Formal consultation is a prerequisite in the pathway to adopt the Community Infrastructure Levy.

2.2 The Draft Charging Schedule is independently examined and the findings determine if the Council can adopt the Community Infrastructure Levy.

3. Content of Report

Background

- 3.1 CIL was introduced by the Planning Act 2008, and the CIL Regulations 2010 (as amended). It is a £ per square metre, tariff-based charge on some planning permissions and developments, applied to net new floor space resulting from a liable development.
- 3.2 CIL can apply to a wide range of developments (e.g. smaller scale residential), in contrast to S106 agreements, which must focus on site specific mitigation matters. This means that there is greater potential to capture infrastructure funding from liable developments.
- 3.3 The CIL proposals have been derived through a process which includes an economic assessment of their combined impact with all emerging Local Plan policies, including affordable housing and the viability of site allocations.

CIL Preliminary Draft Charging Schedule (PDCS)

- 3.4 Cabinet agreed to consult on a preliminary (draft) CIL PDCS in October 2018, as the first stage in a two-stage process currently prescribed by the Government's CIL Regulations. The consultation took place from 2 November to 14 December 2018.
- 3.5 The Joint Planning Policy Member Reference Group received a report on the outcome of the consultation at its meeting of 15 January 2019. This highlighted that 56 responses and 99 individual comments were received from a range of organisations and individuals, providing overall support for implementing CIL. Appendix 1 summarises the consultation results.

CIL Draft Charging Schedule (DCS)

3.6 The CIL DCS, attached as Appendix 2, largely reflects the format and content of the preliminary CIL. The proposed CIL rates for residential development remains at £150 per square metre; retail development at £150 per square metre; other commercial and business development at £35 per square metre and public service and community facilities at £35 per square metre. The CIL DCS proposes that large sites for 400 homes or of 10 hectares or more in area would be exempt from CIL so that the higher levels of onsite infrastructure can be better captured through the traditional \$106 / \$178 processes.

Timescales for CIL Adoption

3.7 Following the CIL DCS consultation and consideration of representations received, the Council's CIL proposals will be submitted to an independent examiner for an Examination in Public (EiP). The EiP can either be in the form of hearings or Independent Examination.

Should this lead to a favourable and timely examiner's report, the Council will be able to consider adopting CIL by the end of 2019.

4. Consultation

4.1 The CIL DCS follows on from the consultation on the CIL preliminary DCS, which took place from 2 November to 14 December 2018. The CIL DCS will now be subject to a further round of consultation.

5. Options

- 5.1 The adoption of CIL by the Councils will enable developments that currently do not pay an infrastructure contribution (the majority) to become subject to a CIL charge. CIL will create an income pot for infrastructure. It is up to the Council to decide how to spend the pot in the best way. This includes forward funding infrastructure to support growth and enable infrastructure to be provided where it is needed.
- 5.2 The alternative option is not to introduce CIL, which would forego this source of infrastructure funding.

6. Corporate Implications

6.1 Financial:

Once CIL is adopted and introduced by the Council it will lead to developments needing to pay a sum of money equivalent to their CIL liability, this can be used to support infrastructure investment across the area. The CIL Regulations also allow 5% of CIL receipts to be used by the Council to recover CIL establishment costs and ongoing administrative costs, once implemented.

6.2 Legal:

The introduction of CIL is a prescribed statutory process, so must be developed and implemented in accordance with the Government's CIL Regulations.

6.3 Crime and Disorder, Environmental Issues, ICT, Partnership, Procurement, Social Inclusion, Sustainability:

After adoption and when enough funds have been collected, CIL receipts can be used to fund a wide range of infrastructure in accordance with the Council's priorities, including community cohesion, health and wellbeing, environmental improvements and sustainability.

7. Links to Council Policy Objectives

7.1 The introduction of CIL will contribute to the achievement of South Bucks District Council's priorities and goals for 2017 to 2020, by providing resources to help conserve the environment and promote sustainability, through provision of appropriate infrastructure.

8. Next Steps

- 8.1 Following consideration by the Planning & Economic Development Policy Advisory Group, the CIL Draft Charging Schedule will be issued for a 6-week period of consultation in alignment with the timescales associated with the development of the Joint Local Plan.
- 8.2 Representations received during the consultation will be considered further. If no major issues or concerns are raised, officers will submit the CIL documents and the results of the consultation to an Independent Examiner for an Examination in Public to be arranged.
- 8.3 Following the examination, if the Examiner's report endorses the Council's CIL proposals, then the Council will be able to adopt CIL and select an appropriate date from which all liable developments will be due to pay a CIL charge. The aim is for the Council to be able to adopt and charge CIL during the early part of 2020.

Background Papers:

Appendices

- 1) CIL Preliminary Draft Charging Schedule Summary of Responses.
- 2) CIL Draft Charging Schedule (March 2019)

Background reports

- CIL Preliminary Draft Charging Schedule (PDCS) (November 2018)
- Local Plan 2036 & CIL Viability Assessment (November 2018)